Claim Listing

1. (currently amended) A process for the preparation of a sterically hindered amine ether which process comprises reacting a corresponding sterically hindered aminoxide with a C₆-C₁₈alk-1-ene in the presence of an organic hydroperoxide and subsequently hydrogenating the obtained product,

wherein the sterically hindered amine oxide contains at least one group of formula (II)

$$G_3$$
 G_4
 $N-O$
 G_1
 G_2
(II)

wherein G_1 , G_2 , G_3 and G_4 are independently alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms or G_1 and G_2 and/or G_3 and G_4 are together tetramethylene or pentamethylene.

- 2. (canceled)
- 3. (canceled)
- **4.** (**previously presented**) A process according to claim **1**, wherein the obtained sterically hindered amine ether contains at least one group of formula (III)

$$G_3 G_4$$

$$N-O-E$$

$$G_1 G_2$$
(III)

wherein G_1 , G_2 , G_3 and G_4 are independently alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms or G_1 and G_2 and/or G_3 and

 G_4 are together tetramethylene or pentamethylene and E is $C_6\text{--}C_{18}\text{alkyl}.$

- **5.** (previously presented) A process according to claim 3, wherein G_1 and G_3 are methyl and G_2 and G_4 are independently methyl or ethyl.
- **6.** (previously presented) A process according to claim **4**, wherein the sterically hindered amine ether is of formula (A) to (O).

$$O = \underbrace{\begin{array}{c} G_3 G_4 \\ N-O-E \end{array}}_{G_1 G_2}$$
 (A)

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
G_3 G_4 \\
N-O-E \\
G_1 G_2
\end{array}$$
(C)

$$\begin{bmatrix} G_2 & G_1 & R \\ E & O & N & R_5 \\ G_4 & G_3 & P \\ \end{bmatrix}_p$$
 (D)

$$G_3$$
 G_4 $N-O-E$ (E)

$$R_{6} = \begin{bmatrix} G_{3} G_{4} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ N-O-E \end{bmatrix}_{r}$$
 (F)

$$\begin{array}{c} G_3 G_4 \\ E-O-N \\ G_1 G_2 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} R_{10} \\ N-(CH_2) \\ \hline Q \\ N \\ \hline N \\ R_7 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} R_{10} \\ \hline N \\ R_7 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} R_{10} \\ \hline N \\ R_7 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} R_{10} \\ \hline N \\ \hline O-E \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} G_3 G_4 \\ \hline N-O-E \\ \hline G_1 G_2 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} (H) \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & R_{13} \\ & Si \\ & (O)_{d} \\ & (CH_{2})_{k} \\ & H \\ & R_{9} \\ & G_{1} \\ & G_{2} \\ & N \\ & G_{4} \\ & O_{E} \\ & X \\ \end{array} \tag{K}$$

$$R_{14} = (CH_2) \frac{R_{13}}{h} (O) \frac{R_{13}}{d} (O) \frac{R_{13}}{d} (CH_2) \frac{R_{14}}{h} R_{14}$$

$$(CH_2) \frac{R_{13}}{h} (CH_2) \frac{R_{13}}{h} (CH_2) \frac{R_{14}}{h} (CH_2) \frac{R_14}{h} (CH_2) \frac{R_14}{h} (CH_2) \frac{R_14}{h} (CH_2) \frac{R_14}{h} (CH_2) \frac{R_14}{h} (C$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & G_3 G_4 \\ R_{\overline{30}} O & N-O-E \\ \hline & G_2 G_1 \end{array} \tag{O}$$

wherein G_1 , G_2 , G_3 and G_4 are independently alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms or G_1 and G_2 and/or G_3 and G_4 are together tetramethylene or pentamethylene and E is C_6 - C_{18} alkyl;

m is 0 or 1;

R₁ is hydrogen, hydroxyl or hydroxymethyl;

R₂ is hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 12 carbon atoms or alkenyl of 2 to 12 carbon atoms;

n is 1 to 4;

when n is 1,

R₃ is hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, alkoxycarbonylalkylenecarbonyl of 4 to 18 carbon atoms, alkenyl of 2 to 18 carbon atoms, glycidyl, 2,3-dihydroxypropyl, 2-hydroxy or 2-(hydroxymethyl) substituted alkyl of 3 to 12 carbon atoms which alkyl is interrupted by oxygen, an acyl radical of an aliphatic or unsaturated aliphatic carboxylic or carbamic acid containing 2 to 18 carbon atoms, an acyl radical of a cycloaliphatic carboxylic or carbamic acid containing 7 to 12 carbon atoms, or acyl radical of an aromatic acid containing 7 to 15 carbon atoms;

when n is 2,

R₃ is alkylene of 2 to 18 carbon atoms, a divalent acyl radical of an aliphatic or unsaturated aliphatic dicarboxylic or dicarbamic acid containing 2 to 18 carbon atoms, a divalent acyl radical of a cycloaliphatic dicarboxylic or dicarbamic acid containing 7 to 12 carbon atoms, or a divalent acyl radical of an aromatic dicarboxylic acid containing 8 to 15 carbon atoms;

when n is 3,

R₃ is a trivalent acyl radical of an aliphatic or unsaturated aliphatic tricarboxylic acid containing 6 to 18 carbon atoms, or a trivalent acyl radical of an aromatic tricarboxylic acid containing 9 to 15 carbon atoms;

when n is 4,

 R_3 is a tetravalent acyl radical of an aliphatic or unsaturated aliphatic tetracarboxylic acid or R_3 is a tetravalent acyl radical of an aromatic tetracarboxylic acid containing 10 to 18 carbon atoms;

p is 1 to 3,

R₄ is hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 18 carbon atoms or acyl of 2 to 6 carbon atoms or phenyl;

when p is 1,

 R_5 is hydrogen, phenyl, alkyl of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, an acyl radical of an aliphatic or unsaturated aliphatic carboxylic or carbamic acid containing 2 to 18 carbon atoms, an acyl radical of a cycloaliphatic carboxylic or carbamic acid containing 7 to 12 carbon atoms, an acyl radical of an aromatic carboxylic acid containing 7 to 15 carbon atoms, or R_4 and R_5 together are -(CH₂)₅CO-, phthaloyl or a divalent acyl radical of maleic acid;

when p is 2,

R₅ is alkylene of 2 to 12 carbon atoms, a divalent acyl radical of an aliphatic or unsaturated aliphatic dicarboxylic or dicarbamic acid containing 2 to 18 carbon atoms, a divalent acyl radical of a cycloaliphatic dicarboxylic or dicarbamic acid containing 7 to 12 carbon atoms, or a divalent acyl radical of an aromatic dicarboxylic acid containing 8 to 15 carbon atoms;

when p is 3,

R₅ is a trivalent acyl radical of an aliphatic or unsaturated aliphatic tricarboxylic acid containing 6 to 18 carbon atoms, or a trivalent acyl radical of an aromatic tricarboxylic acid containing 9 to 15 carbon atoms:

r is 1 to 4,

when r is 1,

 R_6 is alkoxy of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, alkenyloxy of 2 to 18 carbon atoms, -NHalkyl of 1 to 18 carbon atoms or -N(alkyl)₂ of 2 to 36 carbon atoms,

when r is 2,

 R_6 is alkylenedioxy of 2 to 18 carbon atoms, alkenylenedioxy of 2 to 18 carbon atoms, -NH-alkylene-NH- of 2 to 18 carbon atoms or -N(alkyl)-alkylene-N(alkyl)- of 2 to 18 carbon atoms, or R_6 is 4-methyl-1,3-phenylenediamino,

when r is 3,

R₆ is a trivalent alkoxy radical of a saturated or unsaturated aliphatic triol containing 3 to 18 carbon atoms,

when r is 4,

R₆ is a tetravalent alkoxy radical of a saturated or unsaturated aliphatic tetraol containing 4 to 18 carbon atoms,

 R_7 and R_8 are independently chlorine, alkoxy of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, -O-T₁, amino substituted by 2-hydroxyethyl, -NH(alkyl) of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, -N(alkyl)T₁ with alkyl of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, or -N(alkyl)₂ of 2 to 36 carbon atoms,

 R_9 is oxygen, or R_9 is nitrogen substituted by either hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 12 carbon atoms or T_1 ,

T₁ is

$$G_3$$
 G_4 $N-O-E$ G_1 G_2

R₁₀ is hydrogen or methyl,

q is 2 to 8,

 $R_{11}\, and \,\, R_{12}$ are independently hydrogen or the group $T_2,$ $T_2\,$ is

$$R_2$$
 N
 N
 N
 R_2
 G_3
 G_4
 G_4
 G_5
 G_4
 G_5
 G_4
 G_5
 G_4
 G_5
 G_6
 G_7
 G_8
 G_9
 G_9

R₁₃ is hydrogen, phenyl, straight or branched alkyl of 1 to 12 carbon atoms, alkoxy of 1 to 12 carbon atoms, straight or branched alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms substituted by phenyl, cycloalkyl of 5 to 8 carbon atoms, cycloalkenyl of 5 to 8 carbon atoms, alkenyl of 2 to 12 carbon atoms, glycidyl, allyloxy, straight or branched hydroxyalkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or silyl or silyloxy substituted three times independently by hydrogen, by phenyl, by alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms or by alkoxy of 1 to 4 carbon atoms;

R₁₄ is hydrogen or silyl substituted three times independently by hydrogen, by phenyl, by alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms or by alkoxy of 1 to 4 carbon atoms;

d is 0 or 1;

h is 0 to 4;

k is 0 to 5;

x is 3 to 6;

y is 1 to 10;

z is an integer such that the compound has a molecular weight of 1000 to 4000 amu,

 R_{15} is morpholino, piperidino, 1-piperizinyl, alkylamino of 1 to 8 carbon atoms, -N(alkyl) T_1 with alkyl of 1 to 8 carbon atoms, or -N(alkyl) $_2$ of 2 to 16 carbon atoms,

 R_{16} is hydrogen, acyl of 2 to 4 carbon atoms, carbamoyl substituted by alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms, s-triazinyl substituted once by chlorine and once by R_{15} , or s-triazinyl substituted twice by R_{15} with the condition that the two R_{15} substituents may be different;

 R_{17} is chlorine, amino substituted by alkyl of 1 to 8 carbon atoms or by T_1 , -N(alkyl) T_1 with alkyl of 1 to 8 carbon atoms, -N(alkyl) T_1 of 2 to 16 carbon atoms, or the group T_3 ,

$$G_1$$
 G_2
 G_3
 G_4
 G_4

 R_{18} is hydrogen, acyl of 2 to 4 carbon atoms, carbamoyl substituted by alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms, s-triazinyl substituted twice by -N(alkyl)₂ of 2 to 16 carbon atoms or s-triazinyl substituted twice by -N(alkyl) T_1 with alkyl of 1 to 8 carbon atoms;

R₃₀ is hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, alkoxycarbonylalkylenecarbonyl of 4 to 18 carbon

atoms, alkenyl of 2 to 18 carbon atoms, glycidyl, 2,3-dihydroxypropyl, 2-hydroxy or 2-(hydroxymethyl) substituted alkyl of 3 to 12 carbon atoms which alkyl is interrupted by oxygen, an acyl radical of an aliphatic or unsaturated aliphatic carboxylic or carbamic acid containing 2 to 18 carbon atoms, an acyl radical of a cycloaliphatic carboxylic or carbamic acid containing 7 to 12 carbon atoms, or acyl radical of an aromatic acid containing 7 to 15 carbon atoms.

- 7. (previously presented) A process according to claim 1, wherein the C_6 - C_{18} alk-1-ene is C_6 - C_{12} alk-1-ene.
- **8.** (original) A process according to claim **1**, wherein the reaction is carried out in the presence of a further catalyst.
- **9. (original)** A process according to claim **8**, wherein the further catalyst is selected from the group consisting of scandium, titanium, vanadium, chromium, manganese, iron, cobalt, nickel, copper, zinc, gallium, germanium, yttrium, zirconium, niobium, molybdenum, ruthenium, rhodium, palladium, silver, cadmium, indium, tin, antimony, lanthanum, cerium, hafnium, tantalum, tungsten, rhenium, osmium, iridium, platinum, gold, mercury, thallium, lead, bismuth; the compounds thereof; ammonium iodides and phosphonium iodides.
- **10. (original)** A process according to claim **8**, wherein the further catalyst is selected from the group consisting of titanium, vanadium, chromium, manganese, iron, cobalt, nickel, copper, zinc, cerium; the halides and oxides thereof; ammonium iodides and phosphonium iodides.
- **11. (original)** A process according to claim **1**, wherein the organic hydroperoxide contains 3-18 carbon atoms.

- **12.** (previously presented) A process according to claim **1**, wherein the hydrogenation is carried out in the presence of a hydrogenation catalyst.
- **13. (original)** A process according to claim **12**, wherein the hydrogenation catalyst is selected from the group consisting of platinum, palladium, ruthenium, rhodium, Lindlar catalyst, platinum compounds, palladium compounds, ruthenium compounds, rhodium compounds, iridium compounds, nickel compounds, zinc compounds and cobalt compounds.

14-22. (canceled)